

NIFAS SILK LAFTO SUB CITY EDUCATIONAL BUREAU

HISTORY MODEL EXAM FOR GRADE 12, 2012

TIME ALLOWED: 2 HOURS

IN THIS EXAMINATION, THERE ARE A TOTAL OF 100 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS. CAREFULLY SELECT THE BEST ANSWER AND BLACKEN ONLY THE LETTER OF YOUR CHOICE ON THE SEPARATE ANSWER SHEET PROVIDED. FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS ON THE EXAMINATION PAPER CAREFULLY. USE ONLY PENCIL TO MARK YOUR ANSWERS. YOUR ANSWER MARK SHOULD BE HEAVY AND DARK, COVERING THE ANSWER SPACE COMPLETELY.

YOU ARE ALLOWED TO WORK ON THE EXAM FOR 2 HOURS. WHEN TIME IS CALLED, YOU MUST IMMEDIATELY STOP WORKING. ANY FORM OF CHEATING IN THE EXAMINATION WILL RESULT IN THE CANCELATION OF YOUR SCORE(S).

DO NOT TURN THIS PAGE OVER UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

**DIRECTION:** Each of the following questions is followed by four possible Alternatives. Read each question carefully and blacken the letter of your best choice on the separate answer sheet provided.

1. Which one of the following is not the necessary element in the study of history
  - A. Objectivity in our study
  - B. Historical sources
  - C. Artistic quality in our writing
  - D. Critical evaluation and evaluation of sources
2. Which one of the following event marked the beginning of early cultural development in the history of human beings
  - A. The beginning of stone tool making and using behaviour
  - B. Mastering the use of fire when humans used to live in caves
  - C. The beginning of domestication of plants and animals
  - D. The beginning of a process of early state formation
3. Why did scholars consider the Neolithic Revolution as a turning point in the history of human beings? Because
  - A. Human beings began to master the use of fire for the first time
  - B. Human beings began to produce their food rather than collect it
  - C. Human beings began to produce the first crude stone tools
  - D. Bipedal human beings began to evolve during this period
4. As they emerged states were characterized by all of the following necessary features except
  - A. Common language
  - B. Sovereign government
  - C. A definite territorial area
  - D. Large number of people
5. All of the following ancient state's people believe that their kings were the representatives of their respective gods. But the people of one state believed out of this context. Which one?
  - A. Babylonia
  - B. Persia
  - C. Egypt
  - D. Sumeria
6. Among the given alternatives which properly refers to Manumission
  - A. A system of government in which ancient Greek city-states ruled before the rise of democracy
  - B. A system in which ancient Roman slave masters /mistress used to set their slaves free
  - C. A Roman court that imprisoned and killed early Christians who refused to make sacrifices in honor of the roman kings
  - D. The process of preserving the dead body in ancient Egypt

7. Which one of the following is false about the Roman Catholic church during the Medieval period of Europe
- A. Its missionaries introduced Roman ideas of government , justice, and Christianity in to the peoples they called Barbarian
  - B. Its clergies teach reading and writing of Latin and saved Western Europe from complete ignorance
  - C. It becomes a strong opponent of the Medieval feudal socio-political system and laid a foundation for the development of early capitalism
  - D. It becomes the only unifying and civilizing force of the early Middle Ages in Western Europe
8. Which one of the following is wrong about the Byzantine empire
- A. The government had much influence over church in Byzantine
  - B. Its missionaries spread Christianity into Slavic people including Russia
  - C. Its civilization was Greco-Roman by its nature
  - D. Catholic was its official state religion
9. All Islamic legal schools Hanafi, Maliki, Shafi'i and Hambali on one hand and Islamic sects Shiites and Sunnites on the other hand commonly agreed on one of the following as the source of their laws. Which one?
- A. Analogy and reason
  - B. The Consensus of the Imamates and reason
  - C. The Consensus of the community and analogy
  - D. Quran and Hadith
10. Which one of the following is not the result of Crusades
- A. Christian Europe able to establish long-lasting control over the Holy-Land of Palestine
  - B. Europeans learned to make better ships and accurate maps from their experience
  - C. The war reopened the trade route between east and west Europe and stimulated Mediterranean trade
  - D. It laid a foundation for the process of separation of state and church
11. In the late Middle Ages (c.1000-c.1500 AD) European economy expanded. But it was declined in the 14<sup>th</sup> c. What was its possible reason?
- A. Prolonged wars between France and England , and the outbreak of plague
  - B. Unimproved form of agricultural production
  - C. Bad weather condition made production difficult
  - D. Continuous on and off wars of Crusade between Christian Europe and Muslim Turks

12. A Venice traveler Marco Polo visited one of the following Medieval states of Asia and he likes to call it ‘‘Cathay’’. This state was  
A. China      B. Burma      C. Japan      D. India
13. Which of the following language’s family have speakers in Ethiopia and out of Africa  
A. Cushitic      B. Omotic      C. Semitic      D. Barbaric
14. Which one of the following is **true** about the ancient kingdom of Axum  
A. Axum was first mentioned on Sabeen inscriptions  
B. It was the first state of Ethiopia and the Horn of Africa  
C. Its civilization was completely derived from that of South Arabia  
D. Its prosperity and greatness depended on the control of the Red Sea
15. The major source of conflict between Axum and the kingdom of Meroe was over  
A. Slave trade      B. Gold trade      C. Ivory trade      D. Cattle trade
16. During the wars of Crusade, Zagwe rulers followed neutralism in their foreign policy toward both Muslims and Christian worlds. This helped the Zagwe  
A. To get financial support from the Muslim world to build churches in the kingdom of Zagwe  
B. To get ideological support from the Christian world which legitimizes their rule  
C. To get land for construction of a church in the Holy-Land from Muslim authority  
D. To get financial and technocrats for building a strong army from Christian Europe
17. Which one of the following historical event did not led to the transition from the Middle Ages to the Modern period of Europe  
A. The Reformation      C. European Over-sea expansion  
B. The Renaissance      D. The Enlightenment
18. During the Reformation movement, Martin Luther advocated about  
A. Pope’s religious supremacy      C. Sales of indulgences  
B. Justification by faith alone      D. Church worldliness and nepotism
19. Which one of the following was not part of a religious order organized by the Counter-Reformation of the 16<sup>th</sup> c  
A. Capuchins      B. Dominicans      C. Puritans      D. Jesuits

20. In 1225 AD a document known as Magna Charta (Great Charter) comes to effect in England. This considered a turning point in English history. Because
- A. It marked transformation from absolute monarch to constitutional monarchy
  - B. It marked the consolidation of English absolute monarch to foster the national state of England
  - C. It marked the formation of the autocratic state of England
  - D. It gives legitimacy for Tudor family of England
21. In which one of the following state did Reformation introduce through an act of government
- A. Germany
  - B. England
  - C. France
  - D. Switzerland
22. One of the following could not the result of new geographical discoveries of European powers
- A. Commercial Revolution
  - B. Tans-Atlantic Slave trade
  - C. Colonial conquest
  - D. Consolidation of Mediterranean trade route
23. Which one of the following is not the feature of the Medieval Solomonic dynasty of Ethiopia?
- A. Absence of permanent capital city and the use of mobile courts
  - B. The introduction of a feudal mode of production a and administration system
  - C. A large scale territorial expansion and the spread of Christianity
  - D. Peaceful co-existence of Christian kingdom with Muslim sultanates
24. Which one of the following Omotic states of Medieval states of Ethiopia had shared a common history
- A. Ifat and Adal
  - B. Damot and Wolayita
  - C. Damot and Adal
  - D. Shewa and Ifat
25. During the Medieval Christian kingdom of Ethiopia, what was the role of the legend of Prestor John of Indies?
- A. It contributed to the revival of a foreign relation of Christian kingdom with Christian Europe
  - B. It helped to legitimize the power of Christian kings by tracing their descent to King Solomon of Israeli
  - C. It helped to pacify the hostile relation of Christian kingdom with that of Muslim sultanates
  - D. It further consolidated the influence of Christian kingdom under Zagwe rulers over the Ethiopian region

26. By 1533 AD almost all states and peoples of the southern half of the Ethiopia n region comes under the hegemony of Adal. But one of the following states successfully resisted the conquest of Imam Ahmed. Which one?
- A. Walayita      B. Bali      C. Hadiya      D. Dawaro
27. Which is wrong about the battle of Woina Dega
- A. It was the battle in which the force of Imam Ahmed defeated by the coalition force of Galadewos and Portuguese
- B. It marked the restoration of Christian power in the northern half of Ethiopian region
- C. It restored the Christian hegemony over the Ethiopian region as it was before the wars of Imam Ahmed
- D. It marked the end of Adal hegemony over the Christian kingdom and the Ethiopian region
28. Which one of the following is false about the organization of the Oromo people before their movement and expansion
- A. Age and ability is a determinant factor to take a leadership position in the Oromo socio-political organization
- B. Social-political organization of the Oromo was developed on the hierarchical social structure
- C. The Oromo were an egalitarian society
- D. Political authority in the Oromo community was not inclusive
29. Which one of the following is not accounted for the decline of the Gada system among the Oromo communities
- A. The introduction of the Islamic religion
- B. The emergence of a powerful war leader as a result of frequent wars
- C. The influence of a monarchical system of the Christian Empire
- D. The existence of five different parties in the Gada system itself
30. Following the declaration of catholic as an official state religion of the Christian kingdom by king Suseniyos in 1622 AD civil war which claimed thousands of life broke out. In the end, Suseneyos abdicated his throne in the favour of his son and successor, Fasilidas who took all the following measures except
- A. He ordered the expulsion of Catholic missionaries from his kingdom
- B. He restored orthodox Christianity as an official state religion
- C. He introduced close door policy toward European states
- D. He restricted his relation with the neighbouring Muslim states

31. the Gondar period was marked by
- A. The dominance of Yejju Oromo in the politics of the Christian kingdom of Ethiopia
  - B. The formation of the permanent capital city after Lalibela
  - C. A period of feudal political disintegration
  - D. Consolidation of the power of regional lords
32. Which one of the following was wrong about the Zemene Mesafints(Era of Princes)
- A. It was the period when the Oromo actively involved in the politics of the Christian highland kingdom
  - B. Regional lords of the time fought against each other for the title of Ras Bitwaded
  - C. The assassination of king Iyoas and the rise of Tewodros II marked its beginning and end of the period respectively
  - D. Absence of foreign threat and aggression throughout the period
33. Following Japanese Seculation policy which had introduced during the rule of Takugawa Shogunate(1603-1867AD), the only European state allowed to trade with Japan was
- A. England
  - B. France
  - C. Dutch
  - D. Portugal
34. In the mid 19<sup>th</sup>c AD China was easily failed under the prey of European imperialist countries. What was its possible reason?
- A. Its scanty natural resource
  - B. Their resistance to new ideas and inefficient Manchu government
  - C. The introduction of Christianity by catholic missionaries weakened Chinese government
  - D. Their close contact with the Muslim world who were antagonistic to European powers
35. In the course of the English Revolution which one of the following refers to what we call “Restoration”?
- A. An act of bringing back the English monarch
  - B. An attempt of Stuart kings to restore absolute monarch in England
  - C. An act of the English Parliament to present a law that limited the power of the monarch
  - D. An act of Stuart king to impose English prayer book on the church of Scotland

36. The influential Enlightenment thinker, John Locke (1632-1704 AD) offered a powerful argument in his Social Contract theory. Accordingly, Locke argued that
- People have the right of revolution against the tyrannical government to establish peoples government
  - Rather than absolute monarchy Constitutional monarchy is necessary for the development of France
  - Since humans are the gift of divine their government should have to claim divinity
  - Despotic government is necessary to make people obey the law
37. Which one of the following is not the result of the American War of Independence?
- British North American colony declared federation of America known as the United States of America
  - Racial discrimination and the question of slavery got a proper place
  - It becomes the immediate cause of the French Revolution
  - It inspires Latin American people against Spanish and Portuguese colonialism
38. During the French Revolution which one of the following events marked the end of the absolute monarch?
- Tennis Court Oath
  - Jacobin's reign of terror
  - The fall of Bastille royal prison
  - The formation of directory regime
39. The practical achievement resulted from the Vienna Congress of 1815 AD was
- Prevention of any major European conflict until the outbreak of the IWW
  - Preservation of Napoleon's empire to create a balance of power in Europe
  - Assured liberation movement of Latin American peoples
  - Preserved European map as it was during the rule of Napoleon
40. The Arab clans established their supremacy in Nubia around the mid-14<sup>th</sup> c. but their supremacy come to an end in Nubia with the rise of
- Mahdist movement
  - Christian state of Alwa
  - Funj sultanate
  - Mohammed Ali of Egypt
41. The Ethiopia satellite that was launched from China to an Orbit is known as
- ET - 1.
  - ETRSS-1.
  - ETRS
  - ETRS- 1
42. The New Economic Policy in Russia
- Redistributed land for the peasants
  - Collectivized agriculture
  - Abolished serfdom
  - Destroyed the Tzarist machinery of government

43. It is the consequence of the Bale peasant Rebellion?
- A. The rebels were rewarded medals
  - B. The Emperor imposed high taxation
  - C. The local peoples were confiscated their property
  - D. New officials were appointed
44. The independence of one of the following Island marked the end of the Function of the Trusteeship council of the UN
- A. Marshal
  - B. Guinea
  - C. Hawaii
  - D. Palau
45. One of the following is not the reason for the university students to play the role of a political opposition against the reactionary government of Emperor Hailesilassie.
- A. absence of political parties
  - B. The inspiration came from African Students for scholarship
  - C. Social respect ( responsibility) given to them
  - D. The campus life which gave them an opportunity to discuss national issues
46. Which treaty became the cause for the collapse of the Habsburg Empire?
- A. Versailles
  - B. Severes
  - C. Saint German
  - D. Trianon
47. Which one of the following is incorrect regarding the coup of 1960's
- A. Its cause was backwardness of the country
  - B. Few buildings were captured by the coup makers
  - C. The Emperor was in abroad in times of the coup
  - D. Aimed at establishing a republic
48. What forced Japan to make an alliance with Germany and Italy in 1936?
- A. Economic sanction
  - B. The Versailles treaty
  - C. Western Imperialism
  - D. A demand for collective security
49. It is not the most important factor that affected the nature of national liberation movements in Africa.
- A. The attitudes of the imperialists
  - B. Existence of various ethnic groups
  - C. political traditions of colonial powers
  - D. The political experience of African nationalists.
50. As you know, Great Depression was very sever in USA. However, what was its cause?
- A. Devaluation of currency
  - B. The wall street stock market crush
  - C. Imbalance in demand and supply
  - D. Absence of hegemonic institution

51. It is not belonged to the group  
 A. Limmu Enarya      B. Leqa Neqamte      C. Jimma      D. Gera
52. What happened right after the withdrawal of the Italian force in Ethiopia in 1941?  
 A. The emperor restored his autocratic rule  
 B. British control foreign affairs and the military  
 C. Power arrangement was made  
 D. A new constitution was written
53. One of the following is not among the founder of EEC  
 A. Luxembourg      C. Britain  
 B. People's Democratic state of Germany      D. France
54. It is in- correct regarding the League of Nations  
 A. Ethiopia was the first African country to join it  
 B. USA was the founder but not a member  
 C. Its document is known as charter  
 D. Its head quarter is in Geneva
55. It is the motto of the Italian nationalists in the process of Italian unification  
 A. Confederation      B. Republic      C. Federation      D. Kingdom
56. Why it was said that the Italian unification is incomplete? Because Austria still occupied  
 A. Nice      B. Modena      C. Trentino      D. Tuscany
57. What was the recommendation presented for the emperor by the last commission which came to Gojjam to make an assessment on the peasant rebellion?  
 A. The use of the necessary force against the rebels  
 B. Change of officials in the region  
 C. Tax exemption of peasants  
 D. To Postponed land remeasurement policy in the region
58. In the operation of over lord what was the intention of the Allied powers?  
 A. To withdraw Germany from France  
 B. To attack Germany along the Muse River  
 C. To surrender Hitler  
 D. To devastate Japan exemption of peasants
59. It is not the point raised in the Nazi- Soviet Non-Aggression pact?  
 A. To cooperate each other in times of war  
 B. Poland to be partitioned in between themselves  
 C. Russia alone to have a freehand over the Baltic states  
 D. Russia to have the right to control Finland

60. What was the basic factor that led to the formation of different opposition groups in Eritrea in the early 1960's?
- A. Mal administration  
B. Collapse Ethio Eritrean federation  
C. Land alienation  
D. Ethnic segregation
61. Who was a vice Minister and President of the Senate who had a demand to proclaim a republic?
- A. Mekonen Endalkachew.  
B. Negash Bezabih.  
C. Belay Zeleke  
D. Takele walde Hawariyat
62. Which external support enabled the Emperor to crush the Wayane rebellion?
- A. British.      B. French      C. Italian      D. USA
63. In the 1965 students staged a demonstration to express their resentment for
- A. The Emperor.  
B. Prime Minister  
C. Parliament  
D. Council of Ministers
64. Which opportunity was used by Siyad Barre to declare war on Ethiopia?
- A. The war between Derg and TPLF  
B. The revolution of 1974  
C. The assassination of 60 former officials of emperor Hailesilasié  
D. A sudden support from USA
65. Who was appointed by the Emperor to calm down the social unrest on the eve of 1974 revolution?
- A. Ras Michael Imiru.  
B. Akililu Habte wold.  
C. Lij Endalkachew Mekonen  
D. Atenafu Abate
66. What makes the famine of 1974 and 1984 similar?
- A. Both had been hidden  
B. Both occurred in the same geographical areas  
C. Resettlement programs were applied  
D. Both happened in times of Mengistu Haile Mariamin
67. What was the driving force for the beginning of Pan African movement?
- A. Racism      B. Colonialism      C. Ideology      D. Ethnology
68. Who took part in the first pan African conference which was organized by H. Sylvester Williams and which was held in London in 1900?
- A. Africans and Afro Americans  
B. Participants came from America and West Indies.  
C. Jamaican and Africans  
D. Blacks in Europe, Africans and black Americans
69. One among the following are the first French colony to vote "No" in the referendum held in 1958 and got its independence.
- A. Guinea      B. Ivory Coast      C. Senegal.      D. Gambia

70. Which African country was in bloodiest war against its colonial master at the same time when France was in war in Indo - China?  
 A. Egypt    B. Kenya    C. Sudan    D. Algeria
71. Who was Ras Imiru?  
 A. The mastermind behind the siege of Addis Ababa  
 B. Leader of the Black Lion Organization  
 C. The leader of the campaign to Dolo Odo  
 D. The head of the provisional government at Gore
72. One among the following is member of the Casablanca Group which was formed in 1960's  
 A. Ethiopia    B. Ghana    C. Mali    D. Egypt
73. One of the following tactics was not used by the Ethiopian patriots against Fascist Italy  
 A. Ambushing enemy convoys    C. Guriella warfare  
 B. Cutting communication lines    D. Conventional war
74. It was not cause Italy to invade Ethiopia  
 A. Walawal incident    C. The defeat at Adwa  
 B. A demand for great power status    D. Domestic problems in Italy
75. What could be the explanation behind the assassination of Arkduk Franz Ferdinand?  
 A. Protection of the Orthodox states of the Balkan  
 B. Serbian nationalism  
 C. Austrian ambition over Bosnia  
 D. Strong hatred by residents of Sarajevo
76. One of the following was not the objective of African resistance to European colonialism during the interwar periods?  
 A. To end racial segregation  
 B. To have an independent Africa  
 C. To have equal opportunities in business with the whites  
 D. African representation in colonial governments
77. What is the so called " Ethiopianism" refers to in the 20th century Africa?  
 A. Independence movements in South Africa  
 B. The triumph of Adwa  
 C. The formation of separate Black Christian Churches  
 D. A movement for economic and political reforms

78. One of the following statement is incorrect concerning the Adwa treaty
- A. The Egyptian withdrew from all of the occupied lands
  - B. It was British that signed the treaty with Ethiopia
  - C. treaty was signed after the battle of Adwa( 1896)
  - D. It resulted in hostility between the two neighboring states, Sudan and Ethiopia
79. What was the driving force for the Anglo Egyptian force to invade Sudan in 1898?
- A. The French expansion
  - B. The defeat of Italy at Adwa
  - C. The Mahadists movement
  - D. The camping of the Italias to the Horn
80. Which event escalated the hostility between the Shoan Nobilities and Lij Iyasu?
- A. Iyasu's refusal to accept another regent among the Shoan Nobilities
  - B. The appointment of Ras Michael as Negus of Tigray and wallo
  - C. His polygamous marriage
  - D. The removal of the Shoan Nobilities from power
81. What was the initial reason that insisted Bismarck to prepare the Berlin Conference of 1884/1885?
- A. The Franco - Prussian war
  - B. The clash of interest over Congo
  - C. The Fashoda incident
  - D. The need for raw materials
82. It is not the reason for the decline of the Gada system
- A. Cease of contact with the neighboring Omotic states
  - B. Expansion of the Oromos over a wide area
  - C. The rise of powerful individuals like Abba dulas
  - D. Long distance trade
83. Why Bismarck was blamed as a man who violate the rule of law following the Franco - Prussian war?
- A. Unfair negotiations in the Frankfurt treaty
  - B. Coronation of Wilhelm in the Hall of Mirror
  - C. Annexation of Alsace and Lorraine
  - D. Unwilling to release war prisoners
84. Which one of the following is the reason for the rise of Muslim Sheikhdoms along the Ethio - Sudanese border?
- A. Trade
  - B. Christianity
  - C. Agriculture
  - D. Colonialism

85. The introduction of the Qalad system resulted in all of the following except
- Facilitated land privatization
  - Decrease tax
  - Reduced the status of the peasant
  - In the appropriation of much land
86. Which one of the following combinations of a state and a dynasty is correct?
- Yem- Minjo
  - Kaffa- Bushasho
  - Walayta- Tigre
  - Sheka- Mowa
87. What was determined in Geneva conference after the battle of Diem Bien phu?
- France to withdraw from Indo - China
  - Vietnam permanently to be divided in to 2 at the 17th parallel
  - Ho Chi Minh to be the leader of a united Vietnam
  - Vietnam to be a communist state
88. Which battle gave a lesson for Tewodros to modernize his army?
- Eroghee
  - Debarki.
  - Ayshal
  - Bereket
89. Who resisted Menlik's expansion to South Gurage ( Siltie)?
- Ras Derso
  - Abdullahi
  - Sheik Tala
  - Hassen Enjamo
90. One of the following is the promise made by Menelik in the Leche agreement (1878) however, he fail to realize it.
- Dropping the title king of kings
  - Paying tribute
  - Stop to sign treaties with foreigners
  - Supporting each other in times of common enemy
91. What is Zionism? It is a movement to:
- Create a homeland for the Jewish in Palestine
  - Eliminate the Muslim Arabs in Palestine
  - Develop a hatred towards Christians in Palestine
  - Withdraw the British force in Palestine
92. He was different in his method of struggle against colonialism
- Sukarno
  - Ho chi Minh
  - Mahtema Gandhi
  - Mao Zedong
93. What supported Israel to occupy the western half of Jerusalem?
- Geneva agreement
  - The 1st Arab Isral war
  - The Balfour declaration
  - The Yom Kippur war
94. Why soldiers in Negele Borena were in strike against on the eve of 1974 revolution?
- Demanding constitutional monarchy
  - Opposing feudalism
  - Demanding good life condition
  - In opposition to the meeting of the coordinating Committee

95. The competition in one of the following region led Menelik and Negus Teklehaymanot in to war at Embabo ( 1882)
- A. Wallo    B. Gojjam    C. Shewa    D. Southwest
96. Which of the following region was occupied by Menelik through peaceful way
- A. Jimma    B. Harar    C. Walayita    D. Kaffa
97. As Grade 12 student what could be your justification for the questions: why Yohannes gave a guidance for the British army against Tewodros and why Menelik refused to cooperate with Yohannes in the war against the Mahadists? This could be because
- A. Of ethnographic genesis make up  
B. Of the colonial administration policy copied from the intoxicated whites  
C. Both, the Tigrians' and the Amharas' royal families didn't like each other  
D. Of an ambition to came in to power
98. One among the following collaborated with the Italians during the Ethio - Italian war of 1936- 41.
- A. Hailu Tekelehaymanot                      C. Geresu Duki  
B. Abdissa Aga                                      D. Abebe Aregay
99. It is not the feature of Communism
- A. Classless society                              C. Totalitarian regime  
B. State owned enterprises                      D. Free market
100. In the October (November) revolution of 1917 in Russia
- A. The Social Democrats came in to power  
B. Nicholas abdicated the power  
C. The Bolsheviks assumed state power  
D. The Tsarist government introduced reforms